

# Irish Government Debt and Implied Debt Dynamics: 2012 - 2015

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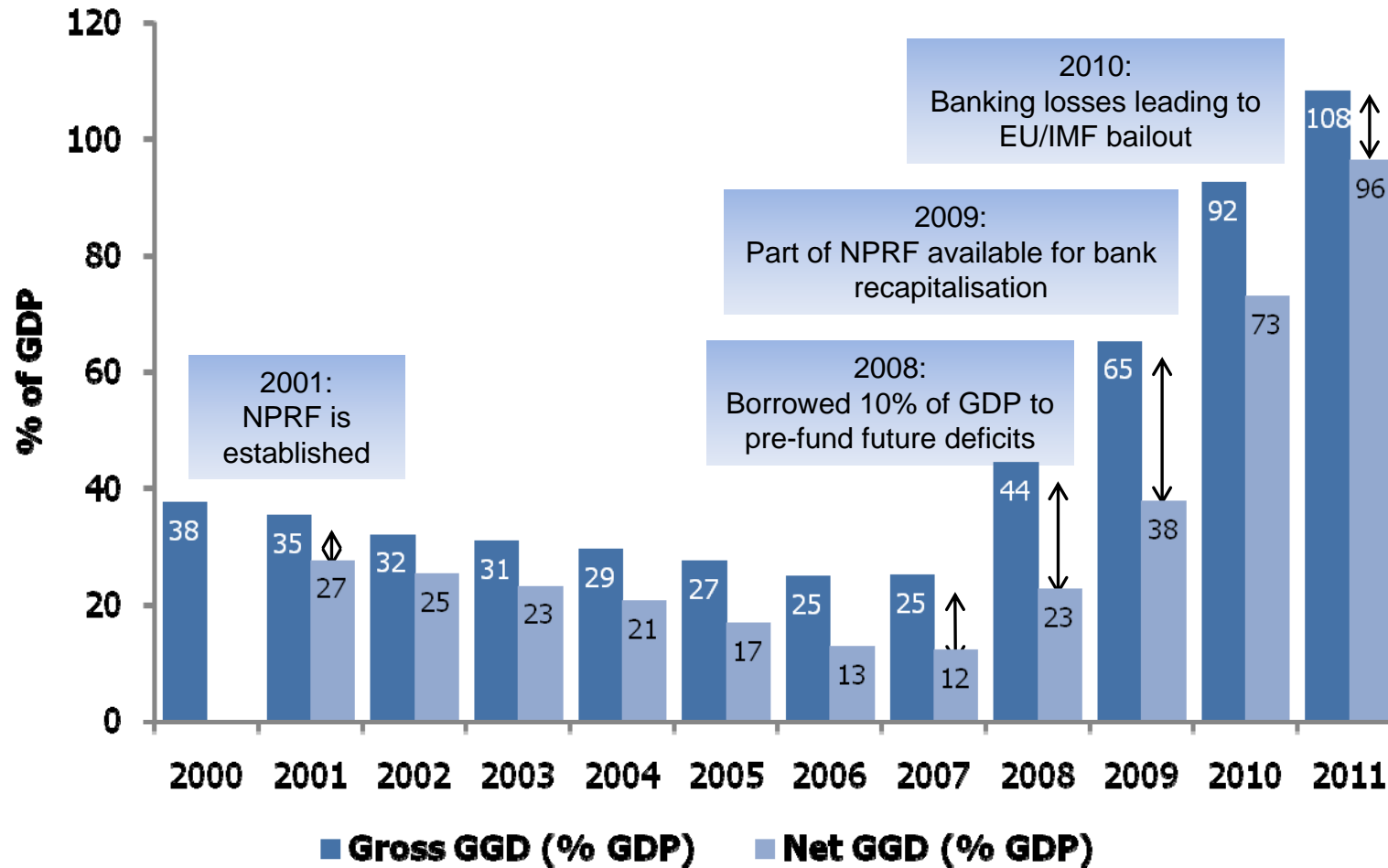
*9<sup>th</sup> EUROFRAME Conference  
Kiel, 8<sup>th</sup> June 2012*



# Outline

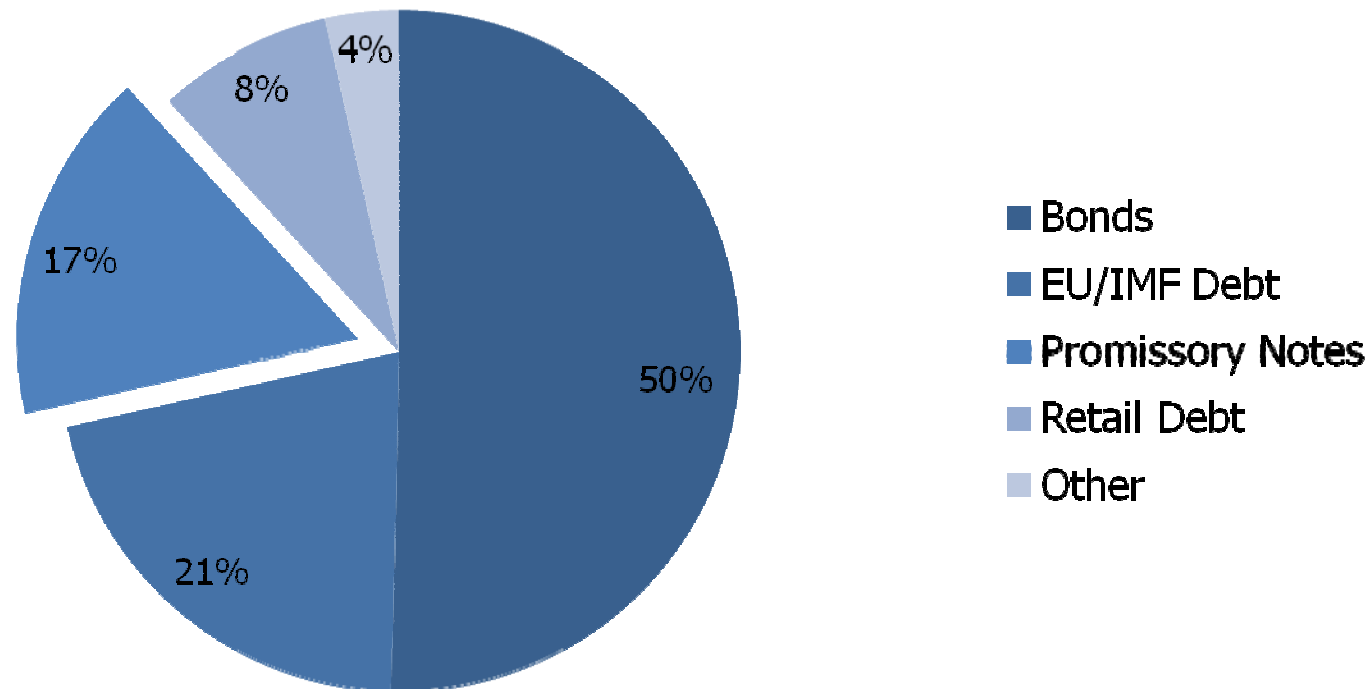
- Government debt: 2007 – 2011
  - Explosion in fiscal debt
  - Liquid assets – Cash balances and NPRF
  - Bank debt – Direct intervention in banking system
  - Contingent liabilities – Guarantees
- Debt Dynamics: 2012 – 2015
  - Components of debt & refinancing schedule
  - Simulation of dynamics
  - Sustainability
- Strategy on Funding

# Gross & Net Government Debt: 2000 - 2011



# Composition of Government Debt in 2011

**General Government Debt in 2011 = €169 billion  
(108% of GDP)**

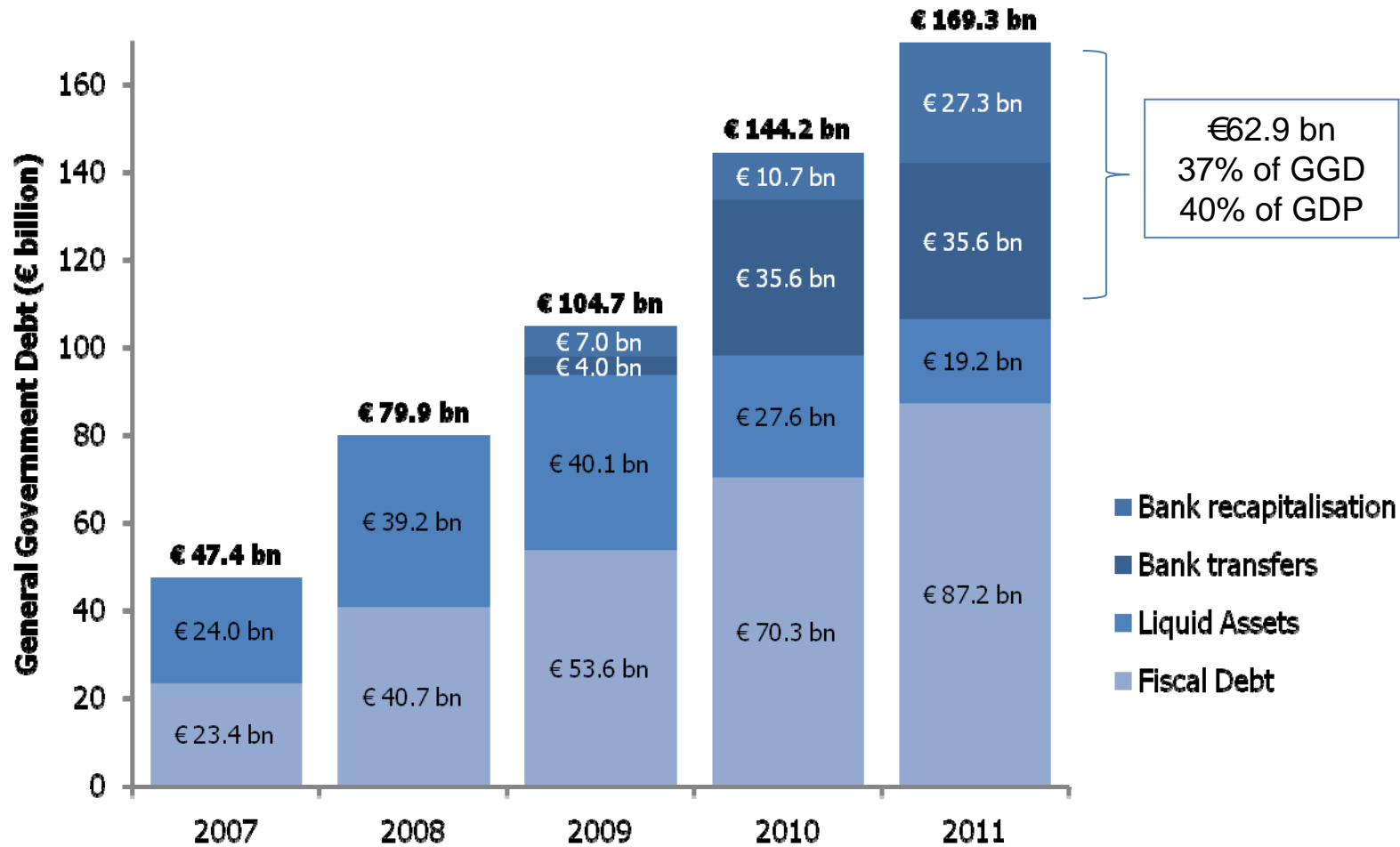


# Government Liabilities in Banking System



- Liabilities included in the government debt:
  - Direct government interventions in the banking system
- Contingent Liabilities
  - Senior NAMA bonds
  - Guarantees for ELA
  - Deposit Protection Scheme
  - Eligible Guarantee Scheme

# Govt. Liabilities in the Banking System: Impact of Direct Interventions on GGD



# Contingent Liabilities in the Banking System



Type	% of 2011 GDP
Senior NAMA bonds	19
Guarantees for Emergency Liquidity Assistance	10
Deposits covered by Deposit Protection Scheme	52
Other bank liabilities covered by ELS	32
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>113</b>

Source: *IMF Country Report March 2012*

## Components of Debt: 2012 - 2015

- Future funding needs of the government:
  - Deficit in the public finances
  - Repayment of past borrowing
    - Government bonds
    - Promissory notes
    - EU/IMF loan



## Austerity Package 2008-2015 = 20% of GDP

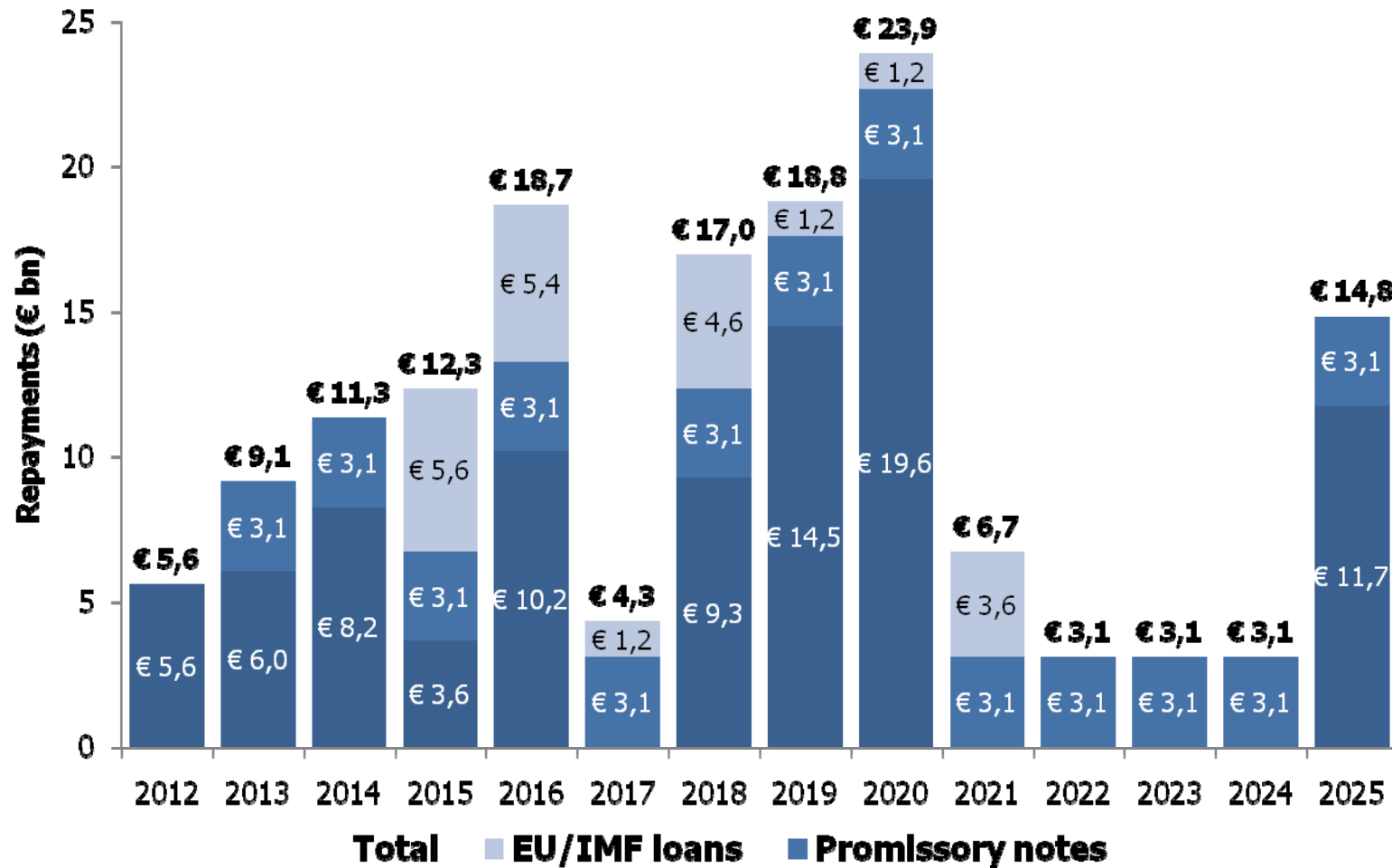


(€ billion)	2008-2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Revenue €bn	7.0	1.6	1	1.1	
Expenditure €bn	13.1	2.2	2	2	
<i>of which Capital €bn</i>	3.4	0.75	1	0.1	
Total €bn	20.1	3.8	3	3.1	2
<b>% of 2011 GDP</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1.3</b>

## Target Primary Surplus 2.8% in 2015

% of GDP	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General Government Deficit	13.1	8.3	7.5	4.8	2.8
Debt interest payments	3.4	4.1	5.6	5.5	5.6
Primary Balance	-9.7	-4.2	-1.9	0.8	2.8

# Refinancing & Timing of Repayments



# New Borrowing Needs and Financing: 2012 - 2015



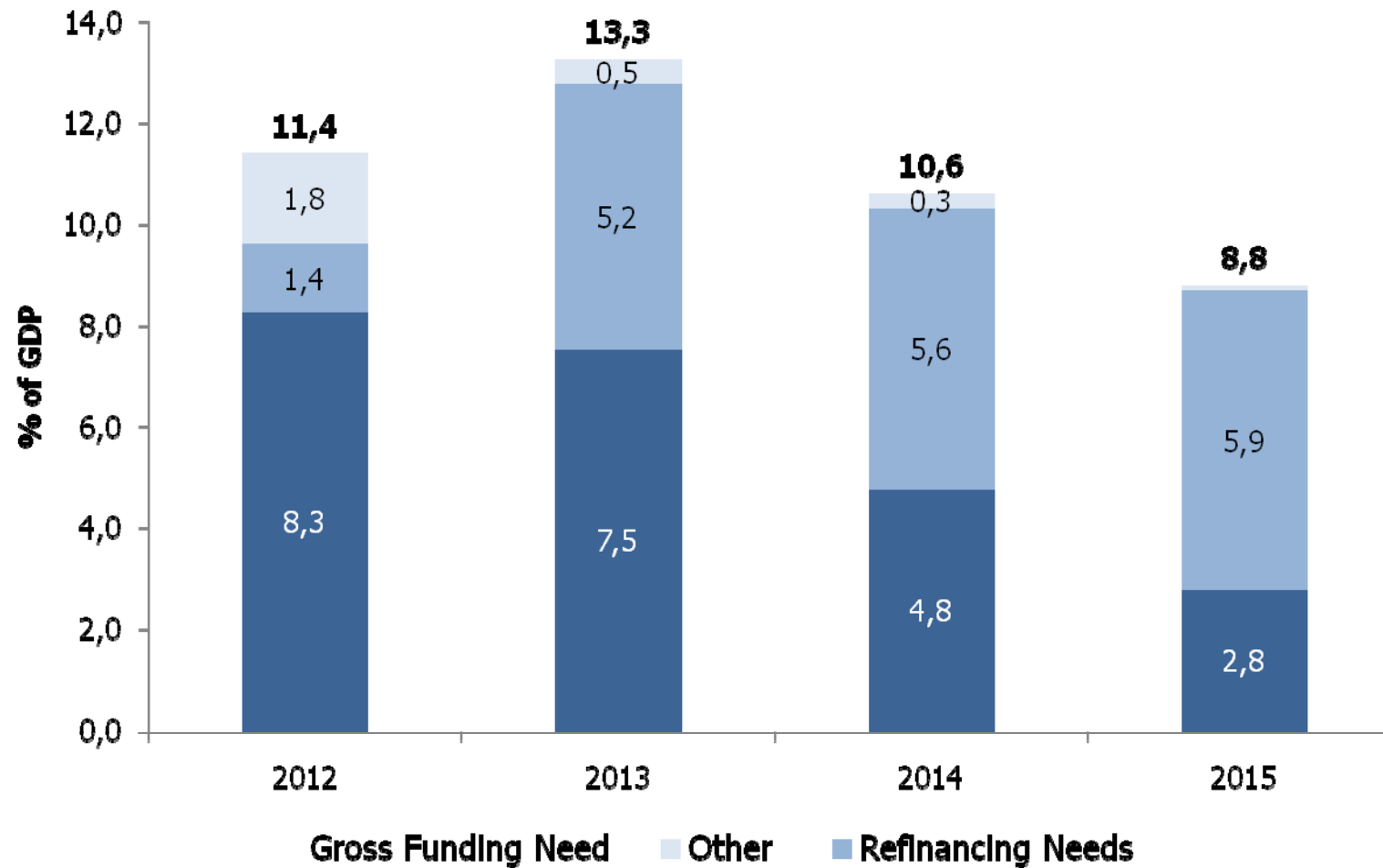
- Determinants of future path of the debt/GDP:
  - Growth in nominal GDP
  - Borrowing needs
  - Policy of holding liquid assets
- Use official forecasts from the Department of Finance (Stability Programme Update April 2012)

# Growth & Borrowing Requirements

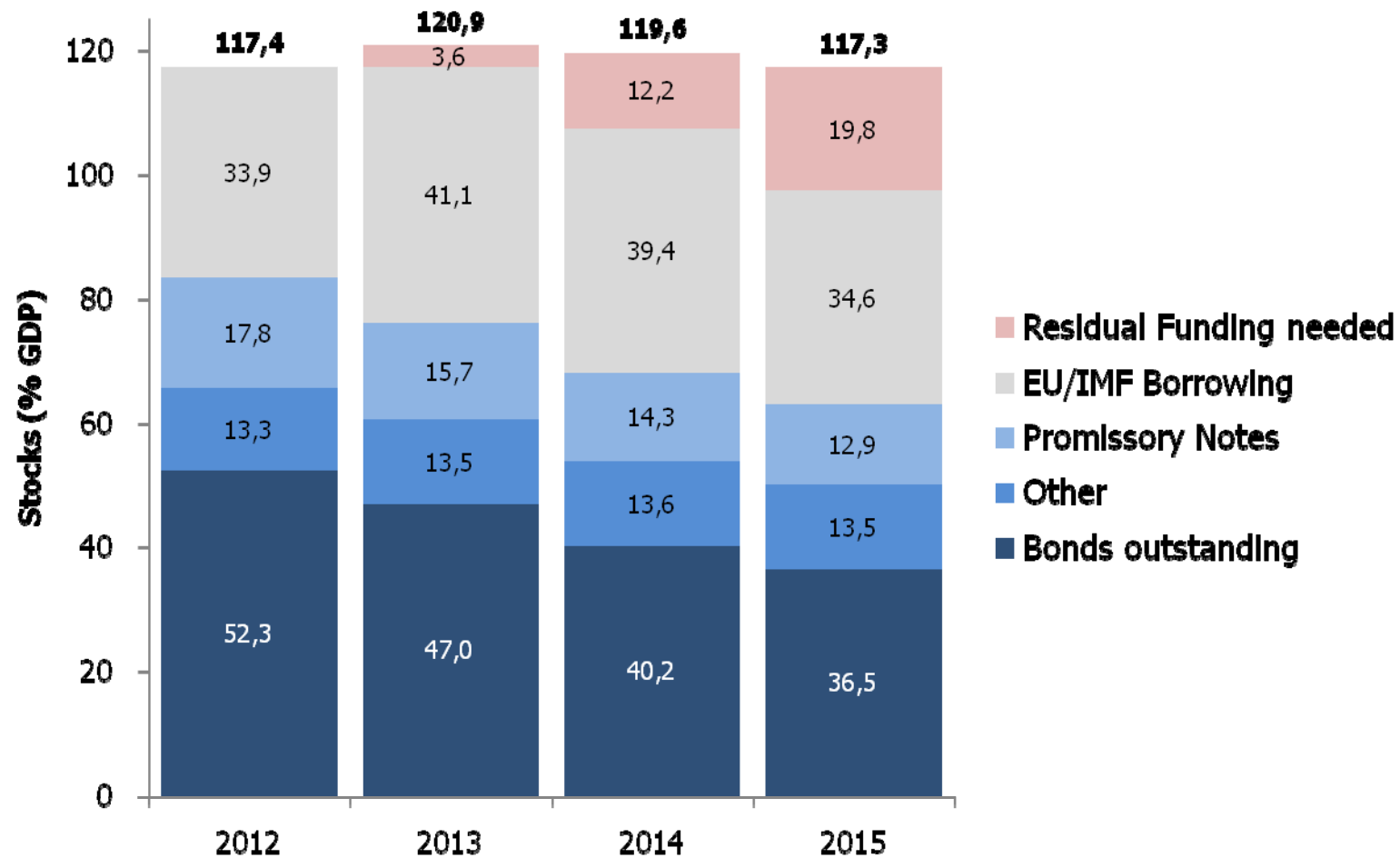


	2012	2013	2014	2015
<b>Growth Rates (%):</b>				
Real GDP	0.7	2.2	3.0	3.0
Nominal GDP	1.6	3.3	4.3	4.5
<b>Borrowing Requirements (% of GDP):</b>				
<b>General Government Deficit</b>	8.3	7.5	4.8	2.8
Primary Balance	4.2	1.9	-0.8	-2.8
Debt Interest	4.1	5.6	5.5	5.6

# Funding Needs

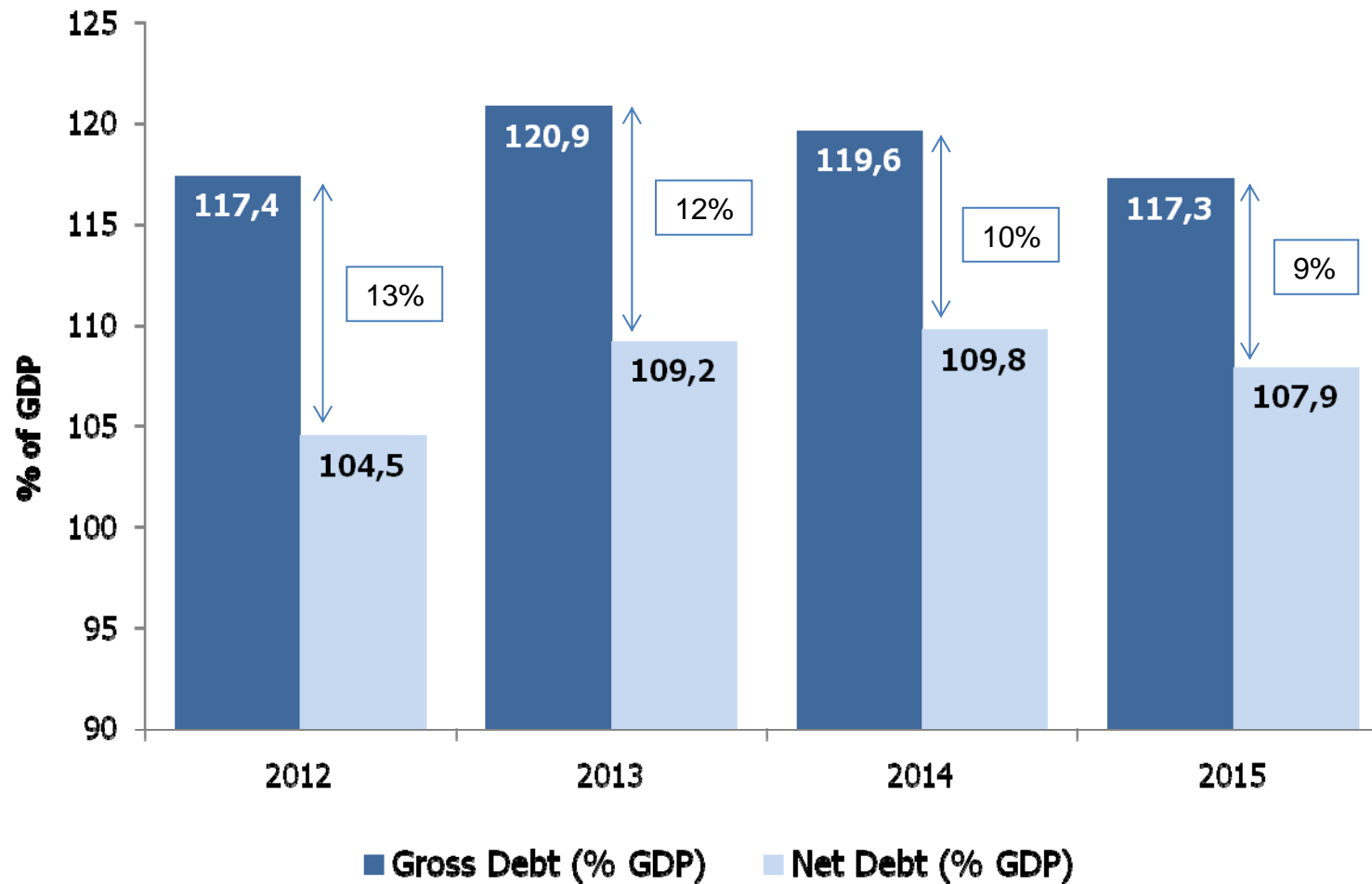


# Stocks of GGD & Residual Funding Needs\*



\* Net of changes in liquid assets

# Impact of Liquid Assets



## Debt Sustainability: Analytical Framework

- Debt in year  $t$  will accumulate as follows:

$$D_t = D_{t-1} + r_t \times D_{t-1} - P_t + NDI_t$$

- Assuming  $NDI_t = 0$ :

$$\Delta d_t = (r_t - g_t) \times d_t - p_t \quad \text{where } d = \frac{D}{Y}, p = \frac{P}{Y}$$

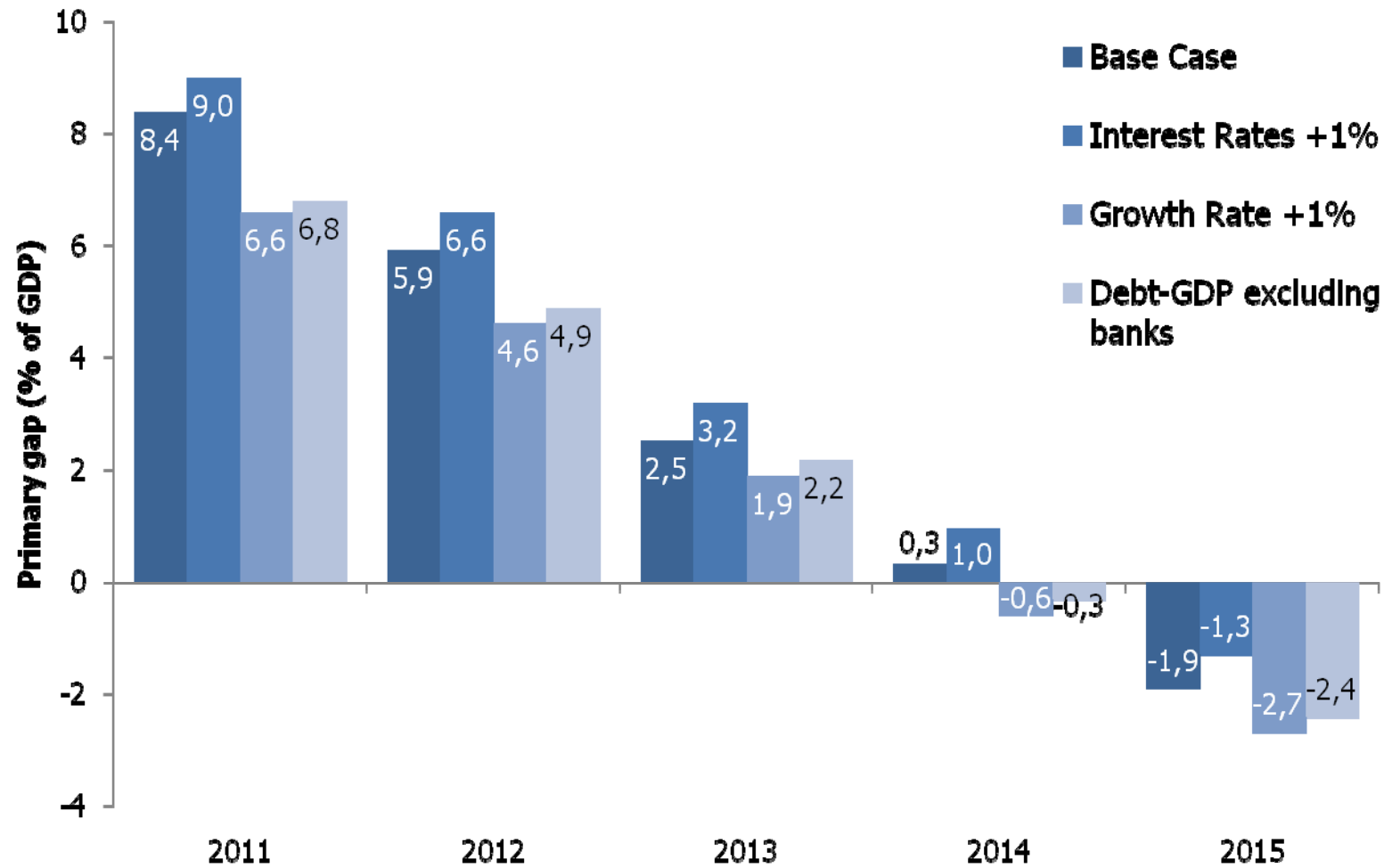
- Debt is sustainable when  $\Delta d_t \leq 0$ :

$$p_t = (r_t - g_t) \times d_t$$

- When primary balance offsets growth-adjusted interest cost of the initial level of debt
- Primary gap:  $(r_t - g_t) \times d_t - p_t$



# Debt Sustainability: Primary Gap Estimates



## Strategy on Funding

- Large repayments in 2014 and 2015:
  - Bonds: €12 bn in 2014 and 2015
  - Promissory notes: €12 in 2014 and 2015
  - IMF/EU loan: €6 bn in 2015
- Return to capital markets
  - Residual funding needs: €36 bn between 2013 - 15
    - 4% of GDP (€6 bn) in 2013
    - 9% of GDP (€15 bn) in 2014
    - 8% of GDP (€15 bn) in 2015